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PATENT 2001-1165

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADBARK OFFICE

In te application of

Amande Johanne KILIAAN et 31.

Conf. 2164

Application No. 09/703,798

Group 1651

Filed November 2, 2000

Examiner L. Barnhart

PREPARATION FOR THE PREVENTION AND/OR TREATMENT OF VASCULAR DISORDERS

DECLARATION UNDER RULE 132

Assistant Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandris. VA 22313-1450

Sizi

Mattheus Cornelis de Wilde hereby declars as

follows:

I have read the present specification and I am familiar with the prosecution of the present application. I make this declaration in support of the present application, and to provide cvidence and reputtal of several contentions set forth in the Official Action of July 26, 2005. In particular, I declare that one skilled in the art would not be persuaded to produce the claimed preparation and practice the claimed method set forth in the present application in view of the Horrobin, Della Valle, and Fugh-Berman publications.

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In particular, I have made several experiments showing that the claimed preparation and method provide an unexpectedly improved preparation and method for treating a mammal having or at risk of developing dementia syndromes, cognitive degeneration, or hearing loss.

The results are as follows:

Introduction

Aging is the predominant cause of cerebrovascular damage and resulting memory decline (Kalaria, 1996). Aged rats form no exception to this and display comparable damage to brain vasculature and also display deficits in memory (Goldman et al., 1987; de Jong et al., 1992). These deficits can be visualized uning a memory function assessment task like the Radial Arm Waller Mazo (RAWM). The RAWM tost is described in literature as a reliable, sensitive, and powerful test to assess age-related spatial learning and memory deficits (Shukitt-Hale et al., 2004). This task forms a well-accepted test to detect beneficial dietary effects on cerebrovascular damage underlying cognitive deficity.

In this experiment the intervention period lasted for three weeks. Generally, rats reach a maximum age of around 30 months. A three wook intervention period in a 26-month old rat would translate to 1.5 years in a 65-year old person.

Experimental details

In this experiment the offects of 3 diets on memory performance are tested. The diete used are listed in table 1. Diet A serves as a control diet.

Diet B is the best mode composition of dietary compositions found in Horrabin (US 4595680), della Valle et al. (US 4810497), and Fugh-Berman et al (1999). This diet comprises the optimal fatty acids levels of DHA, EPA and GLA plus citzate as found in No robin (example 2 no. 5), an optimal ratio of the phospholipids PE (75%) and PC (25%) at a level mentioned in della Valle example 50, in the presence of B-vitamins and folate as found in Pugh-Berman.

Diet C is a composition providing DHA and EPA plus phospholipids

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plus A-vitamins according to claims in the current application.

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naition of the dicts.

	.•	Diet A g/100g fat	Diet B g/100g fat	g/100g [°] fat
Fatty acids	DHA EPA	0,0	1,2	15,1 3,8
	GLA LA	0, D 46, 4	1.6 47,9	0,0 19,6
	ALA total	2,3	1,0	0,7
	wб	46,4	49.5	20,5
	. Ew .	2,3	3,5	21,0

		mg/100g	ng/100g Eood	mg/100g Lood
Phospire 1	PS	0,0	55,7	16,5
	PC	0,0	16.1	107,2
	PC '	0,0	18,4	0,0.
	PI	0.0	12,2	0.0

		mg/100g _food	mg/100g food	mg/100g food
Vitamins 4 minerals	tolic ecid B12 B6 zinc citrate	0,1000 0,0050 0,6000 1,2	0,1000 0,0050 0,6000 1,2 200,0	0.0061

All dicts have the same carbohydrates, fars and protein levels.

Eighteen aged male Wistar rate (26 months of age) were used to test the effects of dietary intervention on memory performance. The rate were fed one of the diets A, B or C throughout the e):pcriment starting three weeks before memory assessment.

Memory performance was assessed in the RAWM (Shukitt-Hale). In the RAWM, rate have to learn the location of a hidden platform in one of the eight arms of the water maze. Thirty minutes later the rars are placed in the water again to see whether they still remember the platform location. The number of incorrect arm-

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entries (errors) the rate make in finding the platform is a measite for poor momory performance.

Results In table 2 the results of the RAWM memory test are listed. In this test the control rats (diet A) show memory deficits. These deficits got even worse by diet B, but performance greatly improved by diet C, where the rate hardly made any errors in finding the platform.

Table 2: Results of the RAWN test for memory function.

	Diet A	Dier B	Diet C
RAWM (# of	•		
GIID(S).	2,3	3,0	0,4

Discussion & conclusion

Dier C improved memory performance of aged rats in the test specifically designed to assess memory function (Shukitt-Hale). In contrast to this, memory performance of rets fed diet B was worse than control rate. The individual components comprising diet B all have a positive influence on memory performance and/or vasculature (Horrobio, della Valle, Fugh-Berman).

References

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Shukitt-Hale B, McEwen JJ, Saprengiel A, Joseph JA (2004) Effect of age on the radial sym water maze-s test of spatial learning and memory. Neurobiol Aging 25:223-229.

Thus, in view of the above, I declare that one skilled in the art would not be persuaded to produce the claimed preparation or practice the claimed method upon viewing the Horrobin, Della Valle, and Fugh-Berman publications.

The undersigned declare further that all statements made herein of their own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and ivrinar that these statements are made with the knowledge that villful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under \$1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such Willful Islse statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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